

Differential and incremental disk images

The entire contents of the imaged file system are stored in a full image file. This is a reliable way of backing up your PC, however, repeating the process is slow and subsequent images can fill your backup media very quickly.

After you have created an initial full image, you can create differential and incremental images. These are both quicker to execute than full images and create much smaller image files.

Note: With the Free Edition of Macrium Reflect you can only make full and differential images of your disks and partitions.

- [Differential Images](#)
- [Incremental Images](#)
- [Maintaining backup sets](#)
- [Selecting an incremental or differential backup](#)
- [Alternative method using an existing backup](#)

Differential Images

A differential image stores the changes that have been made to the imaged file system since the last full image. Subsequent differentials can be taken, but only one differential and the full are required in order to fully restore the system.

This is quicker than creating a full image, however the longer the time between the full and the differential, the larger the differential image file is and the longer it takes to create.

Advantages of differential images:

- Differential images created after the initial full Image are very quick because only file system changes since the full backup are saved.
- The amount of disk space used by differential images is significantly less than that of full images.
- Only two image files are required to restore the system.

Disadvantages of differential images:

- As the time since the last full image was taken increases, the size of the differential grows as does the time it takes to create the differential image.
- In order to reduce this time, it is necessary to perform a full image occasionally to reduce the size of the subsequent differential images.

Incremental Images

The main difference with incremental images is that they only store file system changes since the last image, either full, differential or incremental. The resultant backup set therefore consists of a full image and a number of incremental images which must all be present in order to restore the system correctly.

Advantage of incremental images:

- Incremental images have the same advantages as differential images, but since they only store the changes that were made since the last full or incremental. They are always small and very quick to make, especially if done frequently.

Disadvantage of incremental images:

- All files must be present in the image set. If any intermediate incremental images are missing, it is not possible to restore the system to the latest backup.

Maintaining backup sets

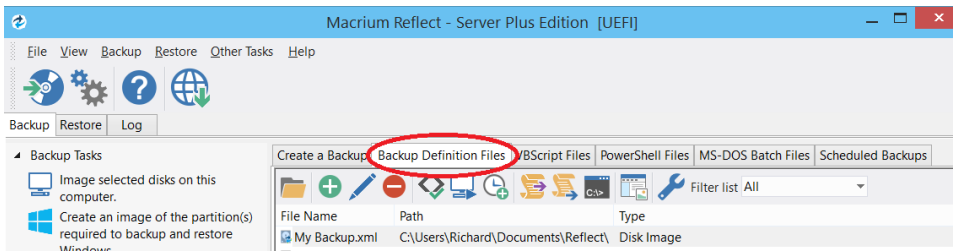
Maintaining backup sets can seem an onerous task, however, Macrium Reflect takes care of all the hard work for you. With Macrium Reflect you can schedule incremental or differential backups automatically. It is as simple as selecting the image you wish to restore and Macrium Reflect automatically selects the required files in the image set as part of the restore process. The same is true for exploring an image. If you choose to explore an incremental image in an explorer window, Macrium Reflect reconstructs all the files that have been backed up to that time.

Macrium Reflect also includes functionality to automatically delete expired image sets. For example, if you take a full image every month and then incremental images every day, you can configure Reflect to keep two full image sets (the equivalent of two months of backups) and delete any older files. As a result, your backup media does not become full of obsolete image files.

Selecting an incremental or differential backup

The process for creating a differential or incremental backup is the same. Both save changes since the full backup if this is the only backup made so far.

1. Initiate an incremental or differential backup, select **Backup Definitions Files**.

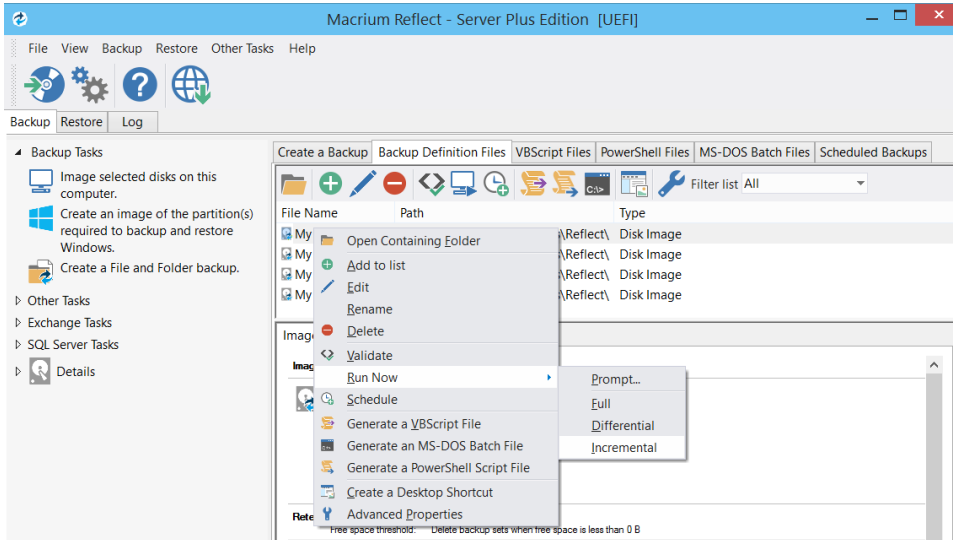


In this instance, there is one saved XML definitions file *MyBackup.xml* which contains the configuration required to back up the C drive.

2. Right click **MyBackup.xml** and select **Run Now**.

You are presented with a number of options.

3. Select **Full**, **Incremental** or **Differential** to automatically execute that particular backup. If unsure which you want to run, click **Prompt**.



4. Click **Finish**.
5. When the Image is complete close the dialog.

Alternative method using an existing backup

1. Click the **'Restore'** tab
2. Select either **Image Restore** or **File and Folder Restore**.
This presents a list of image or file and folder backup files
3. Select the file that you want to create an incremental or differential from.

4. Select **Other Actions...** link, and choose 'Differential' or 'Incremental'

The screenshot displays the 'Backup and Restore Center' application. At the top, there are tabs for 'Backup', 'Restore', and 'Log'. The 'Restore' tab is active, and within it, the 'Image Restore' sub-tab is selected. The left sidebar contains 'Restore Tasks' and 'Other Tasks'. The main area shows a disk layout for 'MBR Disk 1 [7A17827F] - Virtual HD 1.1.0 <499.99 GB>' with two partitions: '1 - System Reserved (None)' (NTFS Active, 42.0 MB) and '2 - (C:)' (NTFS Primary, 167.85 GB). Below this, a list of backup images is shown, sorted by 'Backup Date'. The first image is '9427874FB039F667-29-29.mrimg', which is an incremental backup of 'C:\Synthetic Full\No Delta\' taken on 11/07/2015 at 11:44. To the right of this image, there are buttons for 'Browse Image', 'Restore Image', 'Verify Image', and 'Other Actions...'. The 'Other Actions...' button is highlighted with a red box, and a dropdown menu is open, showing options: 'Create Differential', 'Create Incremental', and 'Delete file'.

Backup | **Restore** | Log

Restore Tasks

- Browse for an image or backup file to restore
- Open an image or backup file in Windows Explorer
- Detach a backup image from Windows Explorer

Other Tasks

- Details

ID: 9427874FB039F667
Type: Incremental
Date: 11/07/2015 11:44

Image Restore | File and Folder Restore | Microsoft Exchange Restore | SQL Server Restore

Browse for an image file... | Refresh | Folders to search

MBR Disk 1 [7A17827F] - Virtual HD 1.1.0 <499.99 GB>

Partition	File System	Volume Label	Size	Used Space
1 - System Reserved (None)	NTFS Active		42.0 MB	100.0 MB
2 - (C:)	NTFS Primary		167.85 GB	499.90 GB

Sort by: Backup Date | Location | File Name | Images that contain drive: All Drives

Image ID	Folder	Type	Date	Image ID	Actions
9427874FB039F667-29-29.mrimg	\\wb\public\nick\w6\Drive C Synthetic Full\No Delta\	Incremental	11/07/2015 11:44	9427874FB039F667	Browse Image Restore Image Verify Image Other Actions...
9427874FB039F667-28-28.mrimg	\\wb\public\nick\w6\Drive C Synthetic Full\No Delta\	Incremental	11/07/2015 03:16		

Create Differential
Create Incremental
Delete file