


Scheduling backups

Creating and Editing a Backup Plan

Disk Image






Edit the Plan for this Backup

1. Select a Template for your Backup Plan

None ▾

2. Add/Edit Schedules

Backup Type	Schedule

 Add Schedule ▾
 Edit Schedule
 Delete Schedule

3. Define Retention Rules


Apply retention rules to matching backup sets in the target folder ▾

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Full	Keep	12	▾	Backups ▾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Differential	Keep	4	▾	Backups ▾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incremental	Keep	10	▾	Backups ▾

Create a Synthetic Full if possible

Run the purge before backup.

 Delete the oldest backup set(s) if less than 5 GB on the target volume (minimum 1GB)

 [Advanced Options](#)

Help
< Back
Next >
Cancel
Finish

The wizard splits the task of scheduling backups and setting retention rules into 3 steps as follows:

Select a Template for your Backup Plan

1. Click the drop down box and chose an applicable template.
 - A summary is given for each template to help you select the template you require.

Grandfather, Father, Son.
 Daily Incremental ("Son"), weekly Differential ("Father"), and monthly Full ("Grandfather") backups.

Differential Backup Set
 A Full backup is created periodically followed by daily Differential backups.

Incremental Backup Set
 A Full backup is created periodically followed by daily Incremental backups.

Incrementals Forever
 Incrementals forever optimizes backup space and time by only ever creating a single Full backup.


After this Incremental backups are created ad infinitum. The Full backup is consolidated with subsequent Incremental backups once the specified number of Incremental backups is reached.

This is also known as a Synthetic Full backup.

Add/Edit Schedules

When you have selected the template you want to use you can view the planned schedule.

Disk Image






Edit the Plan for this Backup

1. Select a Template for your Backup Plan

Grandfather, Father, Son. ▼

2. Add/Edit Schedules

Backup Type	Schedule
Full	At 09:00 on the first Mon of every month, starting 02/03/2015
Differential	At 09:00 every Mon of every week, starting 02/03/2015
Incremental	At 09:00 every Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri of every week, starting 02/03/2015

 Add Schedule ▼
  Edit Schedule
  Delete Schedule


3. Define Retention Rules

Apply retention rules to matching backup sets in the target folder ▼


<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Full	Keep	26	▼	Weeks	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Differential	Keep	4	▼	Weeks	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incremental	Keep	10	▼	Days	▼

Run the purge before backup.

Delete the oldest backup set(s) if less than GB on the target volume (minimum 1GB)

 [Advanced Options](#)

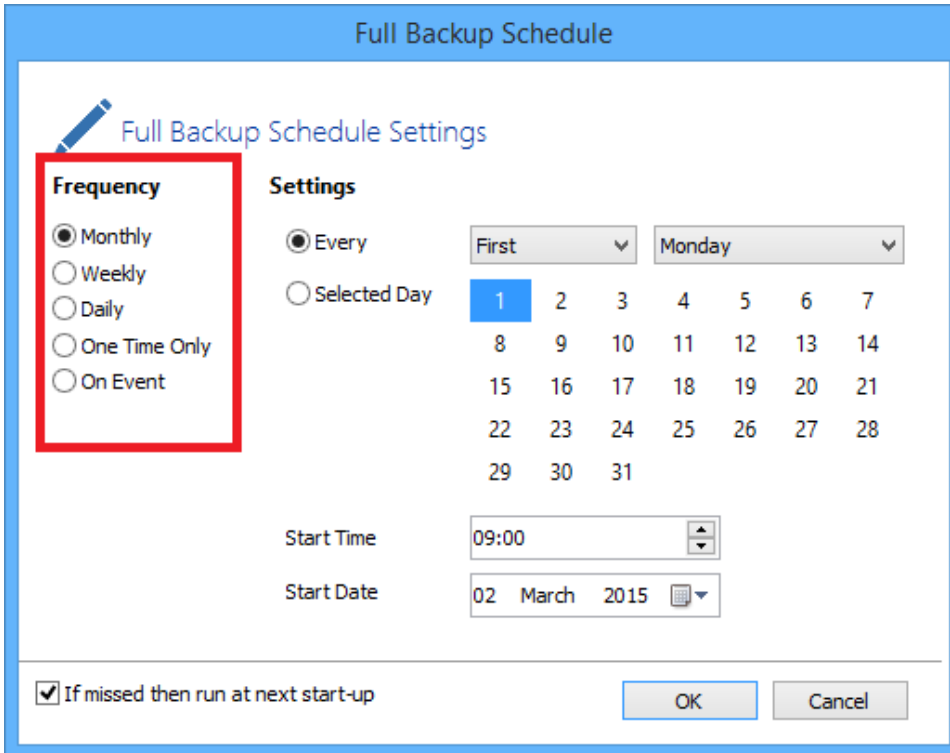
Resolving Scheduling Conflicts

 If multiple backup types are scheduled run at the same time on the same day then only one backup will run.. For example, when scheduling a **Full backup on the first Monday** of each month and scheduling a **Differential for every Monday**, on the first Monday a Full and Differential are both scheduled to run at the same time. In this scenario **only the Full backup will run**.

- Full backups take precedence over Differentials and Incrementals
- Differential Backups take precedence over Incrementals.

To add to this schedule:

1. Click **Add Schedule** and select either Full, Differential or Incremental.
2. Set the frequency for the backup schedule.



Full Backup Schedule

Full Backup Schedule Settings

Frequency

- Monthly
- Weekly
- Daily
- One Time Only
- On Event

Settings

Every First Monday

Selected Day

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

Start Time: 09:00

Start Date: 02 March 2015

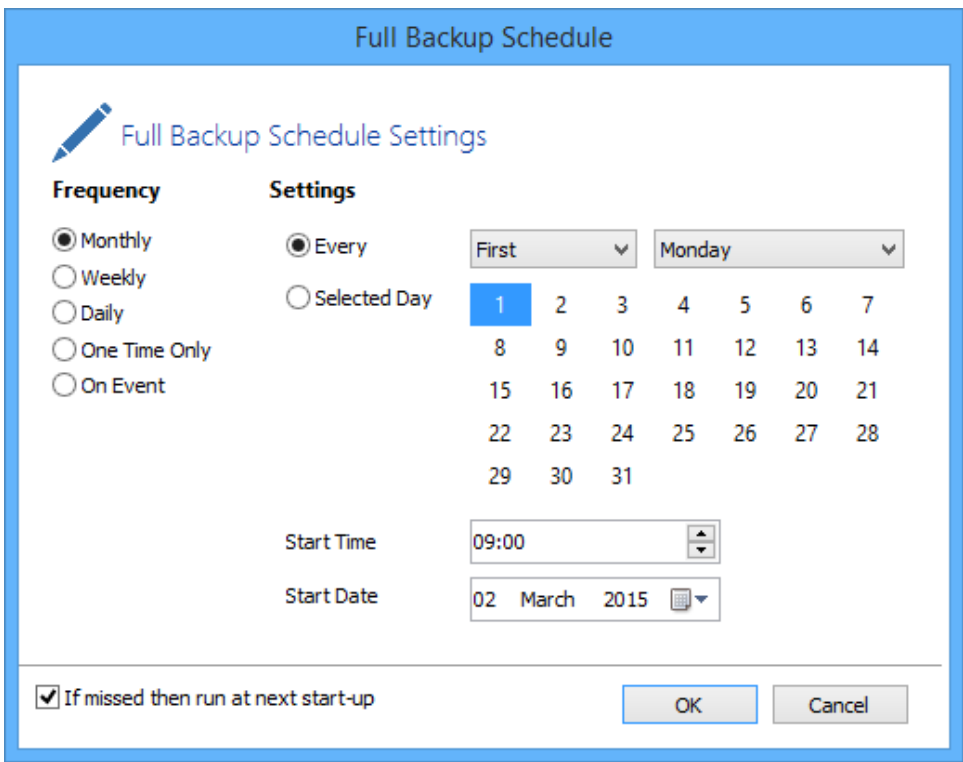
If missed then run at next start-up

OK Cancel

3. Click **OK**.

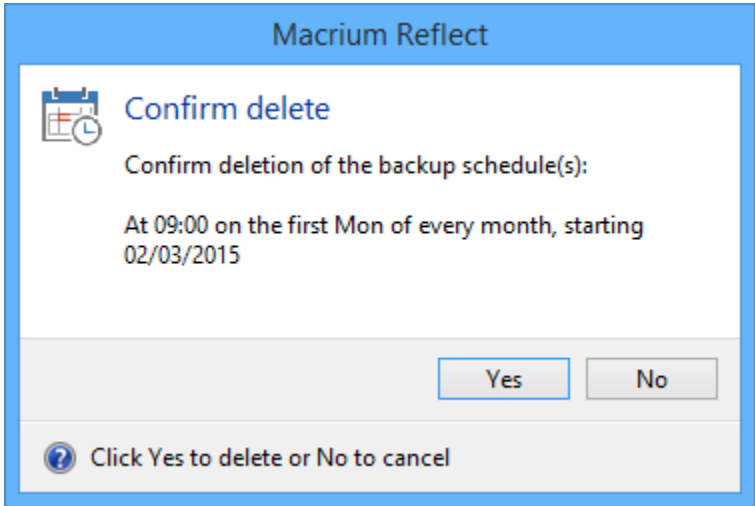
To Edit the schedule:

1. Select the schedule you want to edit and click **Edit Schedule**.
2. Change the schedule to meet your needs and click **OK**.



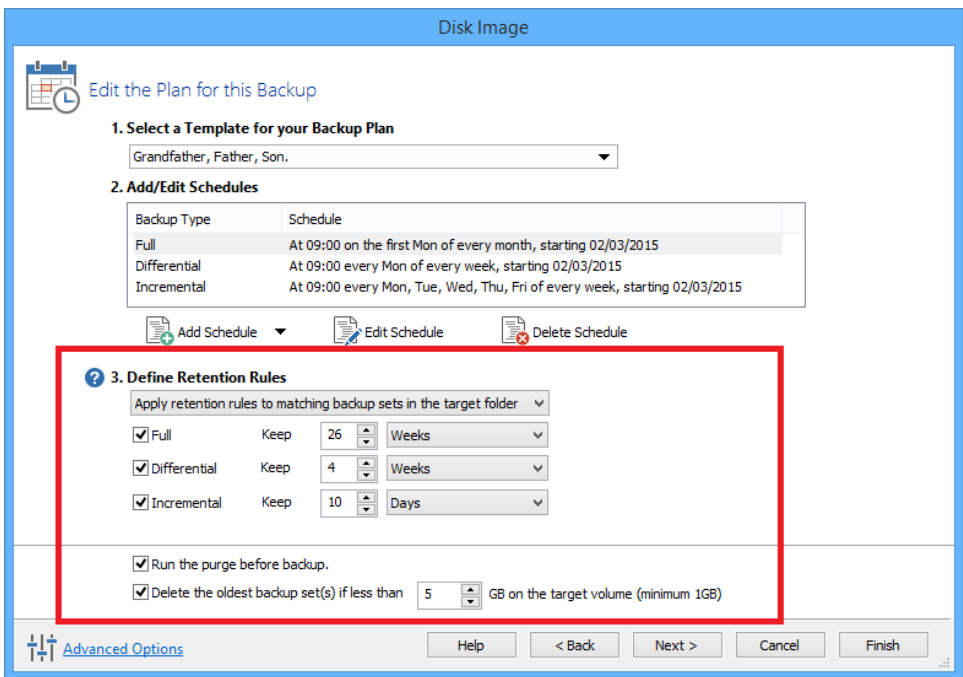
To delete a schedule:

- 1. Select the schedule you want to delete and click **Delete Schedule**.
- 2. A confirmation box appears, click **Yes**.



Define Retention Rules

- 1. Establish how long each type of backup in the schedule should be kept. It is advisable to keep backups for the recommended period, however you can de-select the backup type if you do not want to retain it.

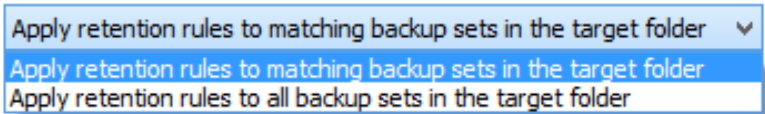


The new Macrium Reflect retention rules provide a powerful and flexible way to manage the lifetime and storage space used by your backups.

Choose how backups are matched and retention rules are applied to the target folder

Retention rules are applied to the target folder of the backup by selecting one of two options:

3. Define Retention Rules



- a. **Apply retention rules to matching backup sets in the target folder.**

Disk Images are purged if they contain **exactly the same Partitions** as the current Image. Partitions are identified using the unique **Disk ID** stored in sector 0 of the disk and the **Partition sector offset**.

Note: For GPT disks the unique GPT disk GUID is used instead of the Disk ID

For **File and Folder** backups retention rules are applied according to the '**Backup Set Matching**' option select in the '**Advanced Properties**' for this backup.

- b. **Apply retention rules to all backup sets in the target folder.** All backup sets in the target folder of the same type (Disk Image or File and Folder) are purged according the retention rules.

Note: This option uses the same logic as Macrium Reflect v5

Select the age or number of backup types that you wish to keep

Full Keep 12 Backups
 Differential Keep 4 Backups
 Incremental Keep 10 Backups
 Create a Synthetic Full if possible

Run the purge before backup.
 Delete the oldest backup set(s) if less than 5 GB on the target volume (minimum 1GB)

Option	Description
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Full	When deleting Full backups all linked incremental and Differential backups in the same backup chain (set) are also deleted This operation will delete the entire backup set.																																																			
Differential	When deleting Differential backups all linked incremental backups in the same backup chain (set) are also deleted.																																																			
Incremental	<p>When deleting Incremental backups the integrity of the backup set is maintained by ensuring that the chain is never broken. This is achieved by merging older Incremental backups when required.</p> <p>In the example below, before retention, there is 1 Full backup, 1 Differential backup and 6 Incremental backups. The retention rules are set to retain 4 incremental backups. After retention, the most recent 4 incremental backups are retained. Deleting the oldest 2 incrementals would cause the backup chain to be invalid as the oldest retained incremental requires the previous 2 incremental backups to complete the chain. To ensure backup integrity the 2 older incremental backups are consolidated with it to create a new incremental backup.</p> <p>F = Full D = Differential I = Incremental</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>M</th><th>T</th><th>W</th><th>T</th><th>F</th><th>S</th><th>S</th><th>M</th><th>T</th><th>W</th><th>T</th><th>F</th><th>S</th><th>S</th><th>M</th><th>T</th><th>W</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>F</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>D</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td></td><td></td><td>F</td><td>I</td><td>I</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>--</td><td>--></td><td>I</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	F							D	I	I	I	I			F	I	I								--	-->	I							
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Create a Synthetic Full if possible	When purging Incremental backups, if the backup set only contains a Full backup followed by Incremental backups , then this option causes the Full backup to be 'rolled forward' to create a Synthetic Full backup . This is also known as Incremental Forever .																																																			
Run the purge before the backup	Select this option to run the retention rules before the current backup. Note: in Macrium Reflect v5 the current backup set wasn't included in the purge calculation when purging before the current backup. In v6 the current backup set IS included. This means that if you set the retention count to 1 Full backup then all of your backups will be deleted and a new Full backup created.																																																			
Delete oldest backup set (s) if less than n GB	Automatically remove the oldest backup set(s) in the target folder if the free space on the drive drops below the GB threshold. Note: The free space threshold is actioned dynamically. If the free space available drops below the threshold then the running backup is temporarily paused while older backup sets are purged.																																																			

Advanced options

If required, set Advanced Options as follows:

- **Compression** to reduce the file size. Select level of compression and whether to make an intelligent sector copy, that copies only disk sectors used by the file system or make an exact copy of the partitions, that includes unused sectors.
Note: reducing the file size may increase the total backup time.
- **File Size** to enter a fixed file size for the image, this is useful for manually copying the image file to CD/DVD.
- **Password** to select whether to password protect the image.
- **Auto Verify Image** to select to verify image or backup file directly after creation.
Note: This can add a significant amount of time to the backup process.
- **Comments** to set comments for the image or backup.
- **Shutdown** to set whether the computer should be shutdown after a backup task has completed.